

2025年度 茨城キリスト教大学一般選抜入学試験 2 期

英 語（2 期）

（解答は解答用紙に記入すること）

I 次の会話文（1）～（5）を読んで、空所 ～ に入れる最も適切な文を、選択肢の①～④から 1 つずつ選びなさい。

（1）

A: I'm sorry. I can't make it to the meeting next week.

B: No problem. I hope things will be OK.

A: Yes, I should be fine. It's just a yearly health check. Thanks.

B:

A: I'm free the week after, so let's do it then.

- ① I have to go to the meeting.
- ② I am afraid I forgot about the meeting.
- ③ I have to go on a sudden business trip.
- ④ I have to go to the doctor's office.

- ① When is your next health check?
- ② When can we reschedule the meeting?
- ③ Do you have a health check every year?
- ④ What is your schedule like for tomorrow then?

(2)

A: Did you finish your report for our science class, Mary?

B: Yes,

A: Really? I haven't finished mine yet.

B: Seriously?

A: I know, but I'll never finish it in time. I think I'll ask the teacher for an extension.

- ① I am going to finish it tomorrow.
- ② I finished it two days ago.
- ③ My report is about SDGs.
- ④ Do you need help with your report?

- ① It is due in three hours!
- ② The teacher will give you an extension.
- ③ Why don't you write about climate change?
- ④ I can't help you because that would be cheating.

(3)

A: What are you doing next summer vacation, Julie?

B: to Thailand!

A: Wow! You must be excited.

B: Yeah, but I am not really into spicy food.

A: I'm sure you can find something that isn't spicy. I've heard that pineapple rice is delicious.

- ① I'm going to trip
- ② I'm going on a trip
- ③ I'm going on a travel
- ④ I'm going go travel

- ① It will be an awful trip.
- ② I hate Thai food.
- ③ Make sure you forget your passport.
- ④ That sounds terrific!

(4)

A: Where are you going in such a hurry?

B: I am going to the library. but they are overdue.

A: But wait! You can't go there today!

B: Why not?

A: Because on Mondays.

- ① I lent these novels
- ② I want to rent these novels
- ③ I borrowed these novels
- ④ I like having these novels

- ① it is closed
- ② it is close
- ③ it is over
- ④ there are no more books

(5)

A: I heard that your favorite artist is coming to Japan soon, Aoi.

B: I know!

A: Already? How much were they?

B: They were pretty expensive, but it's so worth it.

A: Yeah,

- ① I've already got tickets for the live.
- ② I bought tickets for the concert.
- ③ I have thought about buying some tickets.
- ④ I am buying some tickets tomorrow.

- ① his performance is always boring.
- ② I heard the tickets are cheap in America.
- ③ his shows are so disappointing for everyone.
- ④ he always puts on a great show.

Ⅱ 次の4つの留学プログラムについての情報を読み、(1)～(10)の問いに対して最も適切なものを選択肢A～EまたはA～Dから1つずつ選びなさい。

Program A - Country: United States - Duration: One academic year (10 months) - Focus: Academic English - Features: Includes intensive English courses, TOEFL/TOEIC preparation, and academic writing workshops - Cost: \$20,000 for tuition and a dormitory room (single) - Location: New York City	Program B - Country: United Kingdom - Duration: One semester (6 months) - Focus: Culture and English - Features: Visits to historical sites, and sightseeing tours on weekends - Cost: \$12,000 for tuition and accommodation in the school dormitory (triple room) - Location: London
Program C - Country: Australia - Duration: Six weeks - Focus: Conversational English - Features: Field trips, conversation practice with Australian students, and cultural exchange activities - Cost: \$8,000 for tuition and room in a student shared house - Location: Sydney	Program D - Country: Canada - Duration: One academic year (9 months) - Focus: English for Professional Purposes - Features: Business English courses, professional communication workshops, and internships - Cost: \$16,000 for tuition and student apartment (double room) - Location: Toronto

※ All prices are in US dollars.

- (1) Which program would be the best for a student preparing for university entrance exams that require test scores?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
 - E. None of them

- (2) If a student is interested in culture and wants to study British English, which program is the best?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
 - E. None of them
- (3) Which program includes opportunities to do a homestay?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
 - E. None of them
- (4) Which program is the best for someone who wants to get work experience?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
 - E. None of them
- (5) If a student wants to only study English to improve their grades in high school, which program is the best one?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
 - E. None of them
- (6) Which program is the best if someone wants to study only during summer vacation?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D

- (7) If a student wants to communicate with local students, which program would provide that opportunity?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
- (8) Which program should a student with a limited budget but a high interest in improving conversational English choose?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
- (9) Considering the cost and length, which program is the cheapest per month?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D
- (10) For a student that is outgoing and wants to live with other people, which program is not a good choice?
- A. Program A
 - B. Program B
 - C. Program C
 - D. Program D

Ⅲ 日本語文の表す意味になるように与えられた語句を並べ替え、文頭から数えた場合の指定された番号にあたる語を答えなさい。なお、文頭の単語で大文字となる場合でも小文字で表記している。

- (1) 彼らは2時間かけて、なくした鍵を探した。

They { for / hours / key / lost / searching / spent / the / two }. (2 番目 ; 5 番目)

- (2) 彼らは昨晚素晴らしいショーを観に行った。

They { amazing / an / attended / last / night / show }. (2 番目 ; 5 番目)

- (3) 私は禁煙して健康的な生活を送っています。

I { a / gave / healthy / life / live / smoking / to / up }. (4 番目 ; 9 番目)

- (4) 彼は1ヶ月もそのプロジェクトに取り組んでいる。

{ a / been / for / has / he / on / project / the / working } month. (3 番目 ; 7 番目)

- (5) それは私が今まで食べた中で最もひどい料理でした。

{ eaten / ever / had / I / meal / that / the / was / worst }. (2 番目 ; 7 番目)

Ⅳ 次の(1)～(10)の英文の空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句をそれぞれ選択肢A～Dの中から1つ選び、解答欄にA～Dの記号で答えなさい。

- (1) They are considering () to a bigger city.

A. move
B. to move
C. moving
D. to moving

- (2) He is () man who always tells the truth.

A. the honesty
B. an honest
C. honest
D. an honesty

- (3) () was Jim who stole the key to my locker.
- A. It
 - B. This
 - C. That
 - D. He
- (4) The book () by Haruki Murakami is very popular.
- A. writing
 - B. wrote
 - C. was written
 - D. written
- (5) They had to () the meeting because of the bad weather.
- A. put up with
 - B. put out
 - C. put away
 - D. put off
- (6) She brought some documents () during the meeting.
- A. to discuss about
 - B. to discuss
 - C. to discussing
 - D. to be discussed about
- (7) Jane () a book when I saw her.
- A. read
 - B. reads
 - C. was reading
 - D. has read
- (8) Ken considers Bill ().
- A. frequent
 - B. very much
 - C. happily
 - D. a good friend

(9) My sister gave me a () look when I mentioned the surprise party.

- A. confuse
- B. confusing
- C. confused
- D. confusion

(10) The house () we used to live in has sold.

- A. which
- B. what
- C. where
- D. who

V 次の英文を読んで、問１～問４に答えなさい。

< 1 > Have you ever heard the word “Bollywood”? It is not a name of a city in India. It is a ⁽¹⁾ coined word which indicates the Hindi language film industry. It was named after the city where this industry is based: Mumbai, whose name was Bombay when it started, and Hollywood in the U.S., which is world-famous as the center of the movie industry.

< 2 > Indian cinema has a long history. It goes back to the early 1900s, when movies were silent. Bollywood’s share in the total ⁽²⁾ revenue of the Indian film industry is the largest at 43% nowadays, but the share used to be bigger. That is why you sometimes see Bollywood movies and Indian cinema treated as ⁽³⁾ identical.

< 3 > In the mid-1900s, many influential Bollywood movies were made. In the 1960s, however, modern Bollywood movies were born. They started to use genres like action and romance, which had never been used in previous films. In the ‘70s, gang and crime movies were well-liked, and in the ‘80s and ‘90s musicals became increasingly popular.

< 4 > In the early 2000s, Bollywood reached countries outside India and started to gain box office success. *Slumdog Millionaire*, which won eight awards at the Academy Awards in 2009, is probably the most ⁽⁴⁾ crucial one. After this movie’s huge success, Hollywood and other global entertainment industries began to invest in Bollywood films. Between 2008 and 2013,

Bollywood films increased profits by 30% annually. India's film industry grew by 27% in 2017, much faster than the 9% for the nation's economy, and it reached a market size of \$2.6 billion in 2020. Now, Bollywood produces over 1,800 movies annually and it has a larger audience and sells more tickets than Hollywood. This is not surprising considering that India is the most populated country in the world.

< 5 > Bollywood films nowadays are known for their catchy music, energetic dances, colorful costumes, and interesting storylines. They are entertaining and fun. At the same time, they are also a great way to ⁽⁵⁾ explore Indian culture. Watching a Bollywood movie can give you a better understanding of the traditions, customs, and beliefs of India. Many of them deal with complex social issues such as poverty, corruption, gender inequality, and so on. Some of these issues are universal and they might give you an opportunity to think about them deeply.

< 6 > The last thing to mention is the aspect of language learning. Most Bollywood films are made in Hindi, which is one of the official languages in India. These days, however, some of them are made in English. Moreover, depending on the topic, actors often speak English in the films. In these cases, you will hear English with an Indian accent. In fact, this is a positive experience because we are living in a globalized world, where communication with people from India will likely be necessary.

★Now, would you like to watch a Bollywood movie?

問1 本文中の下線部 (1) ～ (5) の単語について、文脈から判断してそれぞれの意味に最も近いものを、選択肢のア～エから1つずつ選びなさい。

- | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| (1) coined | ア fund | イ paid | ウ written | エ created |
| (2) revenue | ア budget | イ profit | ウ return | エ box |
| (3) identical | ア limited | イ different | ウ the same | エ diverse |
| (4) crucial | ア famous | イ cruel | ウ importan | エ interesting |
| (5) explore | ア explain | イ examine | ウ exclude | エ express |

問2 本文の各パラグラフにおいて述べられている内容として最も適切なものを選択肢のA～Dから1つずつ選びなさい。

(1) According to Paragraph < 1 >, which statement is true?

- A. Bollywood means cinema in the Hindi language.
- B. Mumbai and Bombay are located in different parts of India.
- C. A famous Hollywood actor named the Indian film industry “Bollywood.”
- D. Bollywood is combination of place names in India and the U.S.

(2) According to Paragraph < 2 >, which statement is true?

- A. In the 1900s, there were no theaters in India.
- B. Bollywood movies were the most expensive to make.
- C. Bollywood film shares have been the largest in Indian cinema.
- D. Indian cinema and Bollywood films are quite different.

(3) According to Paragraph < 3 >, which statement is true?

- A. Before 1960, the main theme of Bollywood movies was love stories.
- B. The most popular kind of Bollywood films in the 1960s were action movies.
- C. Around 1970, influential movies were made in India.
- D. Musical movies started to become popular in the 1980s.

(4) According to Paragraph < 4 >, which statement is true?

- A. Bollywood movies started to be known outside India in the 2000s.
- B. *Slumdog Millionaire* was initially made in Hollywood.
- C. India’s film industry grew as fast as the nation’s economy.
- D. The audience was larger in the U.S. than in India in 2020.

(5) According to Paragraph < 5 >, which statement is true?

- A. Music and dances aren’t used in films on social issues in India.
- B. Watching Bollywood movies is a good way to learn about Indian culture.
- C. Indian people make movies to solve social problems.
- D. Bollywood films deal with social issues specific to India.

(6) According to Paragraph < 6 >, which statement is true?

- A. Bollywood films are useful to learn the Hindi language as well as English.
- B. In Bollywood movies these days, the actors are expected to speak English.
- C. It is difficult to understand the English spoken by the Indian actors.
- D. Listening to Indian English can be a good way to learn new skills to communicate in today's world.

問3 本文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを選択肢のA～Dから1つ選びなさい。

- A. The Difference between Hollywood and Bollywood Movies
- B. What People can Expect from Bollywood Movies
- C. How Indian People Enjoy Bollywood Movies
- D. The Historical Significance of Bollywood Movies

問4 本文の最後の文（★Now, would you like to watch a Bollywood movie?）について、Yes/Noで答え、その理由を2文以上の英文で述べなさい。

英語解答用紙

I

1	④	2	②	3	②	4	①	5	②
6	④	7	③	8	①	9	②	10	④

II

(1)	A	(2)	B	(3)	E	(4)	D	(5)	A
(6)	C	(7)	C	(8)	C	(9)	D	(10)	A

III

(1)	2 番目	spent	5 番目	searching
(2)	2 番目	attended	5 番目	show
(3)	4 番目	smoking	9 番目	life
(4)	3 番目	been	7 番目	project
(5)	2 番目	was	7 番目	had

IV

(1)	C	(2)	B	(3)	A	(4)	D	(5)	D
(6)	B	(7)	C	(8)	D	(9)	C	(10)	A

V

問 1

(1)	エ	(2)	イ	(3)	ウ	(4)	ウ	(5)	イ
-----	---	-----	---	-----	---	-----	---	-----	---

問 2

(1)	D	(2)	C	(3)	D
(4)	A	(5)	B	(6)	D

問 3

B

問 4

解答例 1) Yes./Yes, I would./I think so./Sure. Bollywood movies sound like fun. I’d like to see their dancing and costumes. 解答例 2) No./No, I wouldn’t./I’m not sure. I like Hollywood movies. I like to listen to American English when I watch a movie.
--

受験番号

総 計