

2021年度 茨城キリスト教大学一般選抜入学試験 1 期

英 語 (1 期)

(解答は解答用紙に記入すること)

I ヴィクトリア朝時代 (1830年代～1900年頃) のイギリスの服飾に関する次の英文を読んで、(問1)～(問6)に答えなさい。

1. Fashion and changes in textile technology affected all Victorian men. Although their overall (A) did not vary as dramatically as that of women, nonetheless, even the poorest factory worker of 1901 looked quite different from his 1837 grandfather, and his clothes were produced and sold (①) an entirely different manner.

2. For the (B) man, fashionable outwear (②) the very start of the period consisted of trousers — which had just taken over from breeches as male leg-wear — a waistcoat and a longer frock coat. The frock coat was almost always made (③) good-quality broadcloth. This was a fabric with a very long history in Britain and one that tailors were well used to working (④). Beau Brummell, and other fashion leaders of the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries, had made the spotless, superbly cut and perfectly fitting broadcloth coat the epitome of good taste.

3. Trousers in this early style were tight-fitting down to just above the knee, without a crease down the front. Without turn-ups, they flared out from the ankle, down over the shoe, and only the toe could be seen. Many different fabrics and colors were (C) when it came to trousers in the 1830s. Cream and tan were felt to be especially young and daring, but stripes and checks were also common, with darker colors generally (D) by those who had to make their clothes last longer. Unlike the working countryman, the wealthy and the townsman's trousers were usually made of wool. Flannel was a very popular choice. These fabrics were much lighter and (E) than the broadcloth used (⑤) the frock coats, but still substantial by today's standards.

注：(第2段落)

breeches：半ズボン

broadcloth：上質黒ラシャ (主に男子用服地)

epitome：典型的な例

(第3段落)

crease：折り目

tan：黄褐色

flannel：フランネル (柔らかくて軽い平綾織)

(問1) 文中の空欄 (①) ~ (⑤) に入る語としてそれぞれ最も適切なものを、以下の語群から選びなさい。ただし、1つだけ不要な語が含まれている。また、同じ語は一度しか使えない。

at // by // for // in // of // on

(問2) 文中の空欄 (A) ~ (E) に入る語形として適切なものを、それぞれ下の1) ~ 4)の中から選びなさい。

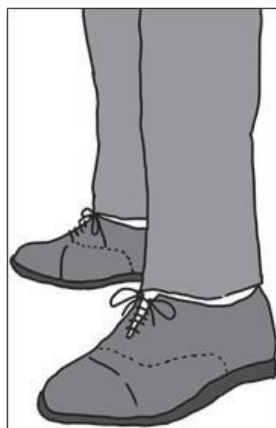
- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| (A) | 1) apparent | 2) appear | 3) appearance | 4) appearing |
| (B) | 1) wealth | 2) wealthy | 3) well | 4) worse |
| (C) | 1) accept | 2) acceptable | 3) acceptance | 4) accepting |
| (D) | 1) favor | 2) favorable | 3) favored | 4) favorite |
| (E) | 1) flexible | 2) least flexible | 3) more flexible | 4) most flexible |

(問3) 第2段落の下線部の語 made と同じ用法の made が用いられている文を、下の(A) ~ (D)の中から選びなさい。

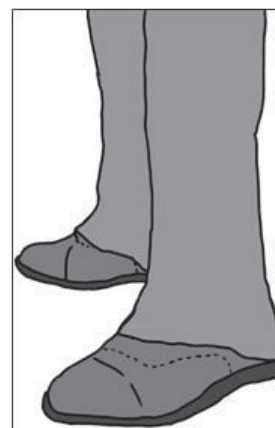
- (A) The cookies, which my girlfriend made me, were very delicious.
- (B) My girlfriend made the cookies delicious by coating them with a secret powder.
- (C) I couldn't find the cookies which my girlfriend made in secret.
- (D) My girlfriend made the delicious cookies following a secret recipe.

(問4) 本文で記述されているヴィクトリア朝の男性の足元を描いた図として最も適切なものを (A) ~ (D)の中から選びなさい。

(A)



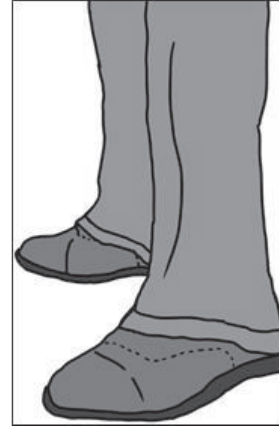
(B)



(C)



(D)



(問5) 第2段落に書かれている内容として正しい文にはTを、間違っている文にはFを書きなさい。

- (A) Beau Brummell popularized the frock coat as a fashion leader.
- (B) Wealthy men in the Victorian age considered a waistcoat as fashionable outwear.
- (C) Men after the Victorian age liked to wear breeches.
- (D) The frock coat was made with a new fabric, unfamiliar to most tailors.

(問6) 第3段落に書かれている内容として正しい文にはTを、間違っている文にはFを書きなさい。

- (A) Victorian men who lived in a city regularly wore trousers made of wool.
- (B) Broadcloth was often used in trousers.
- (C) Young Victorian men used some kind of cream to make their trousers soft and smooth.
- (D) People who wanted to be fashionable preferred dark trousers in the Victorian age.

Ⅱ 次の英文の広告案内を読んで、下の（問１）～（問２）に答えなさい。

MOVING SALE! EVERYTHING MUST GO BY JANUARY 22 nd !			
Item for Sale	Quantity	Asking Price	Details
girl's bicycle	1	\$35	Yellow. Needs a new \$15 tire.
bookcases	2	\$80 each \$150 for both	Solid oak. Bought for \$200 each.
tables	2	\$30 each \$55 for both	Slight damage on both.
bowling balls	2	\$15 each \$25 for both	7 kilograms and 5 kilograms. In good condition.
sleeping bags	3	Women's \$30 / Men's \$25 / Children's \$20 All for \$55	Slight tear in child's.
golf club sets	2	Men's \$200 / Women's \$180 (These prices are FIRM!)	Used only once. Men's right-handed, & Women's left-handed.
bread maker	1	\$150	Unopened but slight damage to packaging.

・ All items can be discounted except the golf club sets.
 ・ For information, call Mary Johnson at 555-3122 weekdays / at 555-6454 evenings and weekends. For pictures of the items, please email me at the following address: Johnson_1234pop@gekmail.com. I will send them to you by email.
 ・ All furniture MUST be picked up at our house. For smaller items, we can arrange to meet at a convenient location.
 ・ Cash only, please.

（問１）以下の英文（１）～（５）のうち、広告案内の内容にあっているものにはTを、間違っているものにはFを書きなさい。

- （１） Even after buying and fixing the girl's bicycle, it is less expensive than the three sleeping bags.
- （２） All the items for sale have been used at least once.
- （３） A person buying the bowling balls must come to the house to pay for them and pick them up.
- （４） To ask questions about the items, you have to email the seller.
- （５） The prices of all items are flexible.

(問2) 以下の(1)～(5)の英文の空欄に入る語句として最もふさわしいものを(ア)～(エ)の中から選びなさい。

(1) Buyers should pay for the items _____.

(ア) by email

(イ) in cash

(ウ) on the internet

(エ) by January 23

(2) It will cost _____ if you buy all of the furniture in the sale.

(ア) \$205

(イ) \$220

(ウ) \$110

(エ) \$315

(3) If sold separately, they would be selling each bookcase for _____ less than its original price.

(ア) \$80

(イ) \$50

(ウ) \$120

(エ) \$40

(4) If a person with \$500 bought all the items specifically for men, they would have _____ left over.

(ア) \$225

(イ) \$275

(ウ) \$300

(エ) \$360

(5) The bowling balls are _____ items for sale.

(ア) least expensive

(イ) a cheapest

(ウ) the least expensive

(エ) some cheapest

Ⅲ 以下の会話文を読み、下線部（１）～（５）の意味に最もふさわしい表現を（Ａ）～（Ｆ）の中から選びなさい。（表の中では、下線部の動詞は原形で示されている。また、選択肢には不要なものが１つ含まれている。）

Jacob : Hey, Keller. I need to talk to you. You haven't been doing your work on our project.
We are all waiting for you to finish.

Keller : Yeah. My computer has been (1) acting up. I lost all of my data yesterday.

Jacob : Do you (2) back up your important files? That's important.

Keller : Well, I didn't have another copy. My computer is just old. I need to do away with it, but I can't afford a new one yet.

Jacob : You also need to stop spending so much time on video games. I always see you playing them. You don't even take time to eat.

Keller : You're right. I guess if I don't do my part on the project, it will (3) count against my grade in the class, too.

Jacob : That's true. You need to think about your grade, but you also need to be aware of what this is doing to your relationships with the others in our group. You're (4) letting us down.

Keller : OK. I'll cut down on the time I spend playing games and start working harder on our project. Do you think you can talk to everybody and tell them I am going to change?

Jacob : I'll tell you what. I will arrange a meeting with everybody for tomorrow at lunch. You can tell them yourself.

Keller : I'll be there. And tonight, I'll work hard to (5) catch up as much as possible. I'll start right after this game.

(1)	act up
(2)	back up
(3)	count against
(4)	let down
(5)	catch up

(A)	to disappoint someone by not doing what you promise
(B)	to reach others who are ahead of you
(C)	to affect negatively
(D)	to behave badly or strangely
(E)	to act like nothing is wrong
(F)	to make a copy of computer data

IV 与えられた語句を使って、(1)～(5)の和文に対応する英文を作るとき、{ }の語句のうち、指定された位置にくる語句を答えなさい。{ }内の語句は、固有名詞を除き、文頭に来る場合も小文字で示されている。

(1) 今日でも、アメリカは世界のどの国よりも多くの移民を受け入れ続けている。

(2番目と6番目)

Even today, { America // accept // any // continues // country // immigrants // more // other // than // to } in the world.

(2) 平均的だと言われるのを好む人は少なく、アメリカ人も例外ではない。

(4番目と11番目)

{ are // average // be // few // like // of // that // to // told // us // we }, and Americans are no exception.

(3) 1980年には、アメリカ人の9人に1人が家庭では英語以外の言語を話していた。

(3番目と8番目)

In 1980, { a // Americans // English // in // language // nine // one // other // spoke // than } at home.

(4) 鳥を観察していて、設計士は、弾丸列車（新幹線）の先端が非常に長かったらどうなるだろうかと思った。

(3番目と6番目)

While watching birds, a designer wondered { bullet // happen // if // nose // of // the // the // train // very // was // what // would } long.

(5) 国民性に関する一般化は、基本的に正確であっても、歓迎されない。

(1番目と4番目)

Generalizations about { are // are // even // nationalities // not // they // welcomed // when } basically accurate.

V A群の語の下線部と同じ発音の下線部を持つ語を、B群の中から選びなさい。

	A群	B群
(1)	<u>br</u> ead	br <u>e</u> ak // de <u>a</u> d // <u>e</u> at // p <u>e</u> ak // s <u>ea</u> t
(2)	f <u>oo</u> d	bl <u>oo</u> d // fl <u>oo</u> d // f <u>oo</u> t // h <u>oo</u> k // p <u>oo</u> l
(3)	s <u>ai</u> d	l <u>ai</u> d // m <u>ai</u> l // p <u>ai</u> d // s <u>ay</u> // s <u>ay</u> s
(4)	l <u>ow</u>	c <u>ow</u> // h <u>ow</u> // kn <u>ow</u> // f <u>ow</u> l // n <u>ow</u>
(5)	<u>aw</u> e	b <u>ow</u> ght // b <u>ow</u> // <u>ow</u> e // <u>ow</u> l // pl <u>ow</u> gh

英語解答用紙 (1 期)

I (問1)

①	in	②	at	③	of	④	on	⑤	for
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(問2)

A	3	B	2	C	2	D	3	E	3
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

(問3)

B

(問4)

B

(問5)

A	T	B	T	C	F	D	F
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

(問6)

A	T	B	F	C	F	D	F
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

II (問1)

(1)	T	(2)	F	(3)	F	(4)	F	(5)	F
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(問2)

(1)	イ	(2)	ア	(3)	ウ	(4)	イ	(5)	ウ
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III

(1)	D	(2)	F	(3)	C	(4)	A	(5)	B
-----	---	-----	---	-----	---	-----	---	-----	---

IV

(1)	2 番目	6 番目
	continues	immigrants
(2)	4 番目	11 番目
	like	average
(3)	3 番目	8 番目
	nine	other
(4)	3 番目	6 番目
	happen	nose
(5)	1 番目	4 番目
	nationalities	welcomed

V

(1)	dead	(2)	pool	(3)	says
(4)	know	(5)	bought		

受験番号	
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総計	
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